

# ARIZONA CITIZEN.

Vol. 1.

TUCSON, PIMA CO., A. T., SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1871.

No. 36.

## Professional Cards, Adv'ts, Etc.

**R. A. WILBUR, M. D.,**  
OFFICE:  
WEST SIDE OF PLAZA, TUCSON, A. T.  
OPPOSITE THE CONVENT.  
A slate for calls may be found at the  
Drugstore. 16tf

**COLES BASHFORD,**  
**ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,**  
TUCSON, ARIZONA.  
Will practice in all the courts of  
the Territory.—1tf

**J. E. McCAFFRY,**  
**ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,**  
[District Attorney for Pima county, and  
U. S. Dep'ty Dist. Att'y. A. T.]  
TUCSON, ARIZONA.  
Office op. Catholic Church, Plaza.—1tf

**JOHN ANDERSON,**  
**ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,**  
TUCSON, ARIZONA.

Especially attention given to Chattel Mort-  
gages under the law of 1871.  
Office—corner of Brown and Church  
streets. 21tf

**E. F. DUNNE,**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
1301 F STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Will promptly attend to the collec-  
tion of all claims placed in his hands  
against the Government of the United  
States. Will also pay special attention to  
procuring patents for Mining claims, and  
School Lands, etc. Respectfully refers  
to Governor A. P. K. Safford, and Hon. R.  
C. McCormick. 1tf

**S. W. FOREMAN,**  
**SURVEYOR,**  
**CIVIL AND MINING**  
**ENGINEER.**  
Maps Neatly Executed.  
TUCSON, ARIZONA.

**PIONEER**  
**NEWS DEPOT**  
—AND—  
**CIGAR STORE.**

THE LATEST NEWSPAPERS, PERI-  
odicals, Magazines and Novels.  
Also, a fine assortment of

Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, Etc.,  
constantly on hand.  
J. S. MANSFELD,  
Leeinsky's block, Congress-st,  
Tucson, Arizona

**TUCSON,**  
**ARIZONA CITY**  
—AND—  
**SAN DIEGO**  
**U. S. M.**  
**TRI-WEEKLY MAIL**  
**LINE!**

**FOUR HORSE COACHES**  
arrive at Tucson every

**Sunday, Wednesday and Friday**  
Mornings: Depart at 6 p. m. on Tues-  
days, Thursdays & Saturdays,  
Until Further Notice.

**TIME TO SAN DIEGO, FIVE DAYS.**  
This will enable the traveling public to  
reach San Francisco in EIGHT DAYS.

Fare to Arizona City ..... \$50  
" San Diego, (in gold coin or its equiv-  
alent,) ..... \$100

**JOHN G. CAPRON, Proprietor.**  
Thos. Ewing, Agent, Tucson.

**J. F. BENNETT & CO.,**  
**SOUTHERN**

**Overland Mail and Express**  
**Company.**

**ARE NOW RUNNING A**  
two-horse vehicle three  
times a week, from Tucson to the Barro  
Mines, where they connect with Coaches

**For All Parts of New Mexico, Texas,**  
**Chihuahua and Eastern States.**

Particular Attention paid to carry-  
ing Express Matter, and comfort of Pass-  
engers. Office at Lasinsky & Co.'s store,  
Tucson. (no131tf)

**BABBIT METAL.**  
MACHINISTS, or any person wanting  
Babbit Metal, can find the best sub-  
stitute in type-metal, of which this office  
has spare about fifty pounds very cheap.

## The Arizona Citizen

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

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One Copy, six months, ..... 3 00  
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Rates. All Bills Due Monthly. Office in  
northeast corner of Congress Hall Block.  
JOHN WASSON, Proprietor.

## Authorized Agents for The Citizen.

Hudson & Menet, ..... New York  
L. P. Fisher, ..... San Francisco  
W. B. Bancroft, ..... New San Diego  
Schneider Grier & Co., ..... Arizona City

## The American Boy's Very Last Request.

Give my box-and-string to brother,  
Mamma, when I'm dead:  
When the sexton puts me, mother,  
In my little bed.  
If the job is like to throw him  
When the string he jerks,  
Let him get some boys to show him  
How the old thing works.

Tell our neighbor that the tin-ben,  
Causing all his rips,  
Didn't finally cave in when  
I passed in my chips:  
Though your son forgives him, few know  
How he fired a shell  
Full of things to stop my—you know  
How it is yourself.

## American Foreign Ministers.

Our diplomatic agents in France  
and Prussia, says The Army and  
Navy Journal, have won golden  
opinions from the countries to which  
they were accredited during the recent  
disturbances which have subjected  
their skill and judgment to so severe  
a test. The German Correspondent  
of Berlin expresses its regret at the  
prospect of losing Mr. BANCROFT,  
who has resigned his position and is  
to return home. Of him and of Mr.  
WASHBURN it says: "America appears  
to be particularly happy in the choice  
of the diplomatists who represent her  
abroad. Mr. WASHBURN, the  
American Ambassador in Paris, gained  
golden opinions by his humanity  
and kindness during the siege; and  
even since the conclusion of peace he  
has laid many foreigners from differ-  
ent countries under deep obligations  
by the valuable services he rendered  
them. In all these cases he was ac-  
tuated solely by compassion and phi-  
lanthropy. Thus, in the depth of  
winter he made arrangements in his  
hotel for serving refreshments to un-  
fortunate and indigent persons in well-  
warmed apartments. Nor was this  
the only way in which Mr. WASH-  
BURN exhibited that large-hearted  
benevolence which gained for him the  
approbation of the whole European  
press. We hope that America will al-  
ways be equally lucky in finding dip-  
lomatic representatives who, at one  
and the same time, do honor to their  
country and conquer for themselves  
personally the esteem and gratitude of  
other nations."

Similar testimony comes from ob-  
servers in France, among whom is Mr.  
H. LABOUCHERE, a member of the  
British parliament, who recently pub-  
lished the diary of a "besieged resi-  
dent in Paris." "Diplomats," he says,  
"are little better than old women when  
they have to act on an emergency.  
Were it not for Mr. WASHBURN, who  
was brought up in the rough-and-  
ready life of the Far West, instead  
of serving an apprenticeship in courts  
and government offices, those who  
are still here would be perfectly help-  
less. They come to him at all  
moments, and although he can-  
not speak French, for all prac-  
tical purposes he is worth more than  
all his colleagues put together."  
"How different," he exclaims else-  
where, "American diplomatists are to  
the prim old women who represent us  
abroad, with a staff of half a dozen  
dandies helping each other to do noth-  
ing, who have been taught to regard  
all who are not of the craft as their  
natural enemies."

THE Detroit papers have discovered  
a new method of driving away the  
organ-grinders. Every day or two  
they have a small paragraph like  
this: "Organ-grinders in Memphis  
make about ten dollars a day."

## INCREASED MAIL SERVICE.

The P. O. Department has at last  
issued an order for semi-weekly service  
on the mail routes from Tucson to  
Wickenburg and from San Bernard-  
ino to Prescott to begin July 1, ensu-  
ing. The thanks of our people are  
due to the P. M. general for this good  
order and our only regret is that it  
was not made a year or more since.  
It is but a just and long needed in-  
crease of facilities for which all the  
people have asked and which must  
prove of great accommodation to Ari-  
zona and Southern California. The  
Washington correspondent of The  
New York Herald, under date of  
May 19, thus refers to it and to af-  
fairs in the Territory:

"Ex-Governor McCormick, delegate  
from Arizona, who has remained here  
since the adjournment of Congress to  
look after the interests of that Terri-  
tory, has induced the Post Office  
Department to grant an increase of  
mail service on the route from Los  
Angeles, California, to Prescott Ari-  
zona, and also on the route from Tuc-  
son to Prescott. This additional mail  
accommodation was procured owing to  
the rush to the new silver discoveries  
at the Bradshaw district, near Prescott,  
and to the increase of settlers upon  
the Gila and Salt rivers. In the face  
of the hostility of the Apache In-  
dians, Arizona is represented as steady-  
ly gaining in population and prosper-  
ity. The recent mineral discoveries  
are said to far surpass any made heretofore. With the construction of the  
thirty-second and the thirty-fifth  
parallel railroads, both of which will  
cross the Territory on important lines,  
the Indian question, the only serious  
one in Arizona, will, it is said, be ef-  
fectually disposed of, and the resources  
of the Territory can be fully  
developed. With all the insecurity  
of life and property, it is asserted that  
an average of \$2,000,000 in gold dust  
and bullion has been taken from the  
Territory each year since its organiza-  
tion."

## Lively at Arizona City.

A correspondent writing under date  
of June 8, gives the following, which  
shows that they mean business there:  
On yesterday, an American named  
Lyons, and Louis Campa (Mex.), had  
a quarrel in Campa's store. Campa  
was behind the counter and Lyons out-  
side. They got excited, when a friend  
of Campa's (don't know his name, but  
who is known as "The Harpo,") stepped  
up and struck Lyons a severe  
blow with his fist, knocking him down.  
The Harpo was arrested and brought  
before Justice Lindsey, who took the  
case under advisement until six  
o'clock yesterday evening. Court was  
adjourned, and as every one present  
gained the sidewalk, Lyons pulled his  
pistol, shot The Harpo in the ankle  
and Campa in the arm. Lyons was  
arrested and put in jail. Mexicans  
talked strongly of lynching him, and,  
report says, were encouraged very  
much to do so by one J. L. Smith—  
known as "Hualpai Smith." Smith  
was finally arrested and put in jail.  
As he went into jail, he used very pro-  
fane language to Lyons, and told him  
he "had a good notion to chaw his  
head off;"—whereupon Lyons picked  
up a stick, lying close by, and struck  
Smith several severe blows over the  
head, and "downed him" before he  
could be stopped. Before Smith was  
put in jail, Judge Lindsey fined him  
\$100 and 24 hours imprisonment for  
contempt of court. Both parties are  
in officers' hands as yet.

THE Supreme Government of Mex-  
ico have decided not to surrender the  
Mission Camp assassins. This decision  
will increase crime on the border,  
and we fear will lead to much blood-  
shed. We will give the document a  
place in our paper next week.

THERE'S a moral taught by the fol-  
lowing conversation which needs to  
be learned by many fathers. Said a  
little four-year old: "Mother, father  
won't be in heaven with us, will he?"  
"Why, my child?" "Because he  
can't leave the store."

POLITICS.—The Democratic State  
Convention of California meets next  
Tuesday. The pot is boiling terribly.

## Contracts, Crops, Demands, &c.

EDITOR CITIZEN: Now that Col.  
Stoneman is removed, and we can no  
longer growl at his imbecile folly and  
gross mismanagement, I will have a  
little small bark at what I look upon  
as some of the results, or partially so,  
of his management in regard to con-  
tracts. I presume that he will claim  
the credit of saving our good Uncle a  
few thousand dollars, by his tirade  
against contractors.

The prices at which awards have  
been made will in some cases be ruin-  
ous to the contractors, or very binding  
on the farmers. In some cases the  
contracts may be filled and have a  
small margin for profit after paying  
the farmer a living price for his grain.  
In other, and I think the majority of  
cases, the farmers have got to sell at  
prices that will not pay them the cost,  
or the contractor will have to make a  
loss upon his contract. If the farmers  
here will be a little firm and not be in  
too much of a hurry to sell, they will  
dispose of all their grain at a good  
price. Freight teams will consume a  
large amount. The Bradshaw mines  
will bring a good many people into  
the Territory this summer and fall,  
and very much of the food that they  
will consume has to be hauled on  
freight wagons 200 miles or more.  
The flour that they consume can be  
hauled from here and be sold cheaper  
than flour from any other section. The  
country is not favorable for the use of  
ox-teams, and mules will have to do  
the greater part of it. Wickenburg  
and vicinity will consume one-half the  
barley that will be for sale in Salt  
River Valley. The home consumption  
here will be four times as great as it  
was last year. I do not know of one  
man in this valley who does not feel  
certain that before the first day of  
January, barley will be worth five  
cents per pound, and all that are able  
intend to hold for a fair price. The  
great bulk of the grain is raised by  
men who are able to wait until they  
can get a good price, and they will do  
it. The people will prepare to sow a  
much greater breadth of both barley  
and wheat the coming season than they  
have done this year. They will de-  
pend upon the increase in the popula-  
tion induced by the development of the  
mines and other resources of the coun-  
try. Whether they will be justified  
or not, will make no difference with  
the crop this year, and will not make  
the amount of grain less, that they  
will sow. I am certain now, and it  
will soon be demonstrated to the satis-  
faction of all, that this year the sup-  
ply is not greater than the demand  
will be nor hardly equal to it, either in  
wheat or barley. If men will take  
contracts at such low figures merely  
for the sake of having a government  
contract, I hope they may be the suf-  
ferers, and not the farmers. W.  
PHENIX, May 29, 1871.

THAT ECONOMY CARD.—A writer  
evidently posted, communicates to this  
number of THE CITIZEN his views of  
crop and contract business. Stoneman  
gloated over his dealings with con-  
tractors, and his economical lay-out  
having depopulated the San Pedro and  
Sonoite valleys, and left Santa Cruz  
in a constant state of siege,—besides  
short crops are reported in Sonora—we  
can begin to see the fruits of that boast-  
ed economy in the near future with the  
naked eye. That document is like a  
kaleidoscope—every turn shows some  
new beauty. We have tried hard to  
dismiss the subject, but business brings  
it up again like a bad penny. Though  
we have said nothing undeserving in  
this connection, yet it never was to our  
liking this running a farce so many  
nights in succession, however much  
it may popularize the manager. The  
extravaganza of "Humpty Dumpty  
Sat on a Wall, Humpty Dumpty got  
a Great Fall,"—was run at a certain  
theater in New York until the mana-  
ger got money enough and tired out  
too. We never expected in this econom-  
ical section to get rich at Stoneman's  
expense, but it is a matter of every-  
day newspaper business to teach public  
servants to obey their masters semi-  
occasionally—even for the fun of it;  
and that no would-be Samson can  
slosh round and do unlimited damage  
with the jaw-bone of an ass. The  
new commander here never would write  
much, but he managed to make his  
mark substantially by the way so far.

THE BUFFALO.—As an astonishing  
and curious item, we commend the  
subjoined to the attention of our  
readers:

Time's wonderful changes never re-  
ceived a more marked illustration  
than by the introduction of a bill in the  
House of Representatives prohibiting  
the indiscriminate slaughter of buffa-  
loes along the line of the Pacific Rail-  
road, and providing for the preserva-  
tion of the bison, which, under the  
present system of wanton destruction,  
would soon be exterminated. The  
author of this game preserving article,  
Mr. McCORMICK, of Arizona, informed  
the House that, in passing over the  
Kansas Pacific Railroad last winter,  
a train was snowed in, and for ten  
days the only food of about one hun-  
dred passengers was buffalo meat, and  
had this not been at hand they must  
all have starved. It is in view of  
the probable recurrence of circum-  
stances of the same character for years  
to come that, as a measure to preserve  
those animals, the bill was suggested  
and will be supported. When the  
idea of a Pacific Railroad was first  
brought in Congress a quarter of a  
century ago, the opponents of the "im-  
provement" insisted that no railroad  
could ever be maintained on the  
plains for a single week, because of the  
herds of buffalos that would trample  
tracks and sleepers out of place and  
deep down into the soil, and now,  
before the Pacific Railroad has been  
an actual fact three years, it is deem-  
ed necessary to protect the buffalo  
that he may serve as food to the pas-  
sengers crossing the continent over  
the very road that his vast and roam-  
ing herds were to render an impossi-  
bility.

NEARLY all the self-overrated,  
pompous and worthless officers of the  
U. S. Army habitually violate the 5th  
article of war, but as court-martials  
are such ridiculous farces when an of-  
ficer is arraigned, it would be folly to  
hope for any punishment under it.  
Congress should abolish the 5th article  
or provide some means for its enforce-  
ment.

## Legal Advertisements.

### Summons.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE  
First Judicial District, County of Pima,  
and Territory of Arizona.

CHARLES TRUMBULL HAYDEN, Plaintiff,  
—against—  
THE ARIZONA MINING COMPANY, Def't.  
The Territory of Arizona sends greeting to  
The Arizona Mining Company, Defendant.  
You are hereby summoned and required  
to appear in an action brought against you  
by Charles Trumbull Hayden, the plaintiff  
above named, in the District Court of the  
First Judicial District of the Territory of  
Arizona, and to answer the complaint there-  
in, filed with the Clerk of said court at  
Tucson, in the county of Pima, within  
twenty days (exclusive of the day of ser-  
vice), after service on you of this summons,  
if served within this county; if served out  
of this county but in this District, thirty  
days; in all other cases forty days.

If you fail to appear and answer said  
complaint as herein required, judgment by  
default will be taken against you by the  
plaintiff for the sum of Four Thousand  
Four Hundred Dollars, with interest from  
the 12th day of April, A. D. 1865, together  
with the costs of this action.  
( ) Given under my hand and the Seal  
( ) of said Court this 23d day of April  
( ) A. D. 1871.

O. BUCKALEW,  
CLERK DISTRICT COURT,  
First Judicial Dist. Arizona.

### Summons in District Court.

IN THE District Court of the First Judi-  
cial District, County of Pima and Terri-  
tory of Arizona.—JAMES H. TOOLE vs.  
EDWARD PHELPS.—The Territory of  
Arizona sends greeting to Edward Phelps,  
Defendant: You are hereby summoned and  
required to appear in an action brought  
against you by the above named plaintiff,  
in the District Court of the First Judicial  
District of the Territory of Arizona, and  
to answer the complaint therein filed with  
the Clerk of said court, at Tucson in the  
county of Pima, within twenty days (ex-  
clusive of the day of service), after ser-  
vice upon you of this summons, if served with-  
in this county; if served out of this county  
but in this District, thirty days; in all other  
cases, forty days.

If you fail to appear and answer said  
complaint as herein required, the plaintiff  
in this action will take judgment by de-  
fault against you for the sum of one hun-  
dred and twenty dollars, with interest there-  
on at two per cent. per month from the  
24th day of March A. D. 1870; together  
with the costs of this action.

Given under my hand and the seal of the  
( ) District Court of the First Judicial  
( ) L. S. District of the Territory of Arizo-  
( ) na, this 4th day of March A. D. 1871.  
O. BUCKALEW,  
Clerk of District Court.